

# New Ir and Rh oxides with spinel-related structure

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We report for the physical properties of two new transition metal oxides,  $\text{Na}_4\text{Ir}_3\text{O}_8$  and  $\text{LiRh}_2\text{O}_4$ .  $\text{Na}_4\text{Ir}_3\text{O}_8$ , a Mott insulator with  $d^5$  (LS)  $\text{Ir}^{4+}$ , crystallizes in hyper-Kagome structure, which can be viewed as a cation-ordered spinel structure. We show that the ground state of this system is a spin liquid due to geometrical frustration. Although the temperature dependence of magnetic susceptibility yields a large Curie-Weiss constant of -650 K, the system does not show any indication of magnetic ordering down to 1.8 K, the lowest temperature measured. The specific measurements indicate that the presence of a large magnetic specific heat with unusual  $T^{2.5}$  dependence. An interesting challenge now arises. What kind of orbital state of  $\text{Ir}^{4+}$  can stabilize such a spin liquid state on hyper-Kagome lattice? A metal insulator transition of new mixed valent (1:1  $\text{Rh}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Rh}^{4+}$ ) spinel oxides,  $\text{LiRh}_2\text{O}_4$  will be also reported.