

SFB 608

Einladung zum Kolloquium

Ort: Universität zu Köln
II. Physikalisches Institut
Seminarraum 201

Zeit: 20. Juni 2007, 14:30 Uhr

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Thema: Two Quantum Critical Points in *One*
System: A Testing Ground for Theory

Abstract: " Recently (J. S. Kim, et al., Phys. Rev. B 74, 165112 (2006)) we reported two quantum critical points in $\text{Ce}(\text{Ru}_{1-x}\text{Rh}_x)_2\text{Si}_2$. The critical point at $x=0.4$, based on a fit of the low temperature specific heat to the theory of Moriza, is characterized by weakly coupled spin fluctuations while the critical point at $x=0.6$, based on the $\log T$ temperature dependence of the specific heat divided by temperature, is characterized by strongly coupled fluctuations. At present, to our knowledge, no theory exists for the magnetoresistance at a strongly coupled quantum critical point (QCP), while there is a theory (see Rosch Phys. Rev. B 62, 4945 (2000)) for a weakly coupled QCP. Thus, we see $\text{Ce}(\text{Ru}_{1-x}\text{Rh}_x)_2\text{Si}_2$ as an opportunity to provide input to theorists to build a theory for the magnetoresistance at a strongly coupled QCP, with data on $\rho(H)$ in the same system on both types of QCPs. After an overview of quantum critical systems and the previous results on $\text{Ce}(\text{Ru}_{1-x}\text{Rh}_x)_2\text{Si}_2$ the differences and similarities in the $\rho(H)$ data at $x=0.4$ and 0.6 will be discussed."

Gez. A. Rosch